plan for building a sustainable nutrition security system for the country;

(b) if so, what are the details thereof; and

(c) what is Government's reaction thereto?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH AND EDUCATION IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI HARI KRISHNA SHASTRI): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The main features of the action plan are given in the attached statement (*See* below).

(c) This is being examined.

Statement

Main Features of the Seven Point Action Plan

1.	ACTION POINT 1	Local Level Code for the sustainable and Equitable use of Environment Systems.
2.	ACTION POINT 2	Substainable Livelihood Security for the poor.
3.	ACTION POINT 3	Symphonic Agricultural Systems.
4.	ACTION POINT 4	Science and Technology.
5.	ACTION POINT 5	Knowledge and Skill Sharing
6.	ACTION POINT 6	Resource, Mobilization and Utilization.
7.	ACTION POINT 7	Political Commitment and Accountability

हाउसिंग सोसायटियों को लेवी सीमेंट का आबंटन

1774. **श्री सुनील कुमार पट्टनायक:** क्या **खाद्य और नागरिक पूर्ति** मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) दिल्ली तथा नई दिल्ली में ग्रुप हाउसिंग सोसायटियों को लेवी सीमेंट वितरण के लिए गत तीन वर्षों के दौरान दिल्ली प्रशासन के खाद्य और नागरिक पूर्ति विभाग में अब तक कुल कितने मामले दर्ज किए गए हैं ;

(ख) उनके नाम तथा पते और रजिस्ट्रेशन की तिथियां क्या हैं ?

(ग) प्रत्येक ग्रुप हाउसिंग सोसायटी को स्वीकृत किए गए और जारी किए गए लेवी सीमेंट की वर्षवार कुल मात्रा कितनी है ;

(घ) क्या यह सच है कि वास्तव में ग्रुप हाउसिंग सोसायटियों को स्वीकृत किए गए लेवी सीमेंट को नागरिक पूर्ति विभाग के उच्चाधिकारियों की मिलीभगत से फ्री सेल सीमेंट के रूप में खुले बाजार में बेचा जा रहा है ;

(ङ) यदि हां, तो क्या सरकार इस मामले की केन्द्रीय अन्वेषण ब्यूरो से तत्काल जांच करवाने का विचार रखती है ; और

(च) यदि हां, तो कब तक और यदि नहीं, तो इसके क्या कारण हैं ?

खाद्य और नागरिक पूर्ति मंत्रालय में उपमंत्री (श्री डी० एल० बैठा): (क) से (ग) गत तीन वर्षों, अर्थात् 1985, 1986 तथा 1987 के दौरान दिल्ली प्रशासन के खाद्य, आपूर्ति और उपभोक्ता कार्य विभाग में लेवी सीमेंट के वितरण के लिए, ग्रुप हाउसिंग सोसाइटियों के 248 मामले पंजीकृत किए गए है । ये पंजीकरण, इस तथ्य के सत्यापन के बाद किया जाता है कि क्या सोसायटी, पंजीयक, सहकारी समिति, दिल्ली प्रशासन के पास

जोड़ता है, क्या इसका पटटा विलेख तथा पम्प्रभिन्यास योजना (ले-आउट प्लान) अनुमोदित है, आदि ।

इन सोसाइटियों के नाम तथा पते और गत तीन वर्षों के दौरान प्रत्येक सोसाइटी को वर्षवार मंजूर की गई लेवी सीमेंट की मात्रा संलग्न विवरण में दी गई । (देखिये परिशिष्ट [CXLV, अनुबन्ध सं० 73]

(घ) जी नहीं ।

(ङ) और (च) प्रश्न नहीं उठता ।

Differences over Minimum Regional Wages

1775. SHRI SHARAD YADAV:
SHRI RAM NARESH KUSHAWAHA:

Will the Minister of LABOUR be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is fact that State Govenments have serious difference of opinion in the fixation of minimum regional wages and that some State Governments have even decline to implement the idea; and

(b) if so, what are the details thereof stating the seps taken by Government to evolve a consensus on the issue?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR (SHRI JAGDISH TYTLER). (a) and (b) The draf guidelines on Regional Minimum Wages were circulated to the State Governmnts and in the light of comments received, the matter was placed before the Labour Ministers' Conference held on 20th May, 1987. In the light of the conclusions of the conference, the guidelines were finalised and forwarded to all the State Governments/Union Territory Administrations on 24th July, 1987. The question of regional minimum wages has been discussed in the Conferences of the Labour Ministers' of different regions i.e. Southern, Eastern, Northern and Western regions held during October and December, 1987. In the Southern Labour Ministers Conference held on the 9th October,, 1987, it was concluded that a Committee coprising Labour Secretaries of the State in the region and an officer of the Ministry of Labour should go into th question in respect of 4 employments i.e. Handloom Cashew, Beedi and Manufacture of tiles While the Conference of the Northern and Western regions did not identify any employment for which regional minimum wages can be fixed, Conference of the Eastern Region held on 31st October 1987, felt that consultation at the regional level in respect of minimum wages should be held at frequent intervals.

Under utilization and diversion of drought relief

1776. SHRI V. NARAYANASAMY: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government's attention has been drawn to the news item which appeared in the Hindustan Times of 11th February, 1988 under the caption 'States under utilised drought aid' to the effect that the funds provided for drought relief had been diverted to other schemes without the consent of the Central Government by the various States;

((b) if so, the number of such States identified so far; and

(c) what action Government have taken against those States?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND COOPERATION IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI SHYAM LAL YADAV): (a) and (b) The news item which appeared in the HINDUSTAN TIMES of 11th February 1988 is based on the draft supplementary report for the year 1985-86 of the Comptroller & Auditor General of India regarding Central assistance for relief of distress caused by drought and floods relating to years 1983-84 to 1985-86. This report